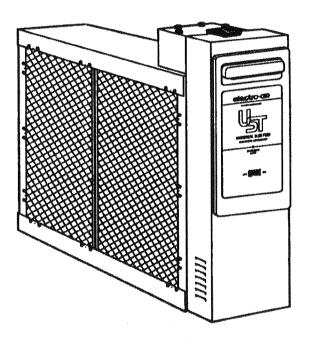


Electronic Air Cleaner

USTUniversal Slim Twin

Model Number 16C26S-010



OWNERS MANUAL

- Installation
- Operation
- Basic UST Service Guide
- · Technical Repair Guide
- Repair Parts

Please read and familiarize yourself with the contents of this manual before installing, operating or performing maintenance on the unit.

RULES FOR SAFE INSTALLATION AND OPERATION

Please read instructions before installing and using the Electronic Air Cleaner. This will help you obtain the full benefit from the Electronic Air Cleaner you have selected.



AWARNING

ELECTROCUTION HAZARD

Shut off power at fuse panel before servicing.

Failure to do so could result in serious personal injury or death.

AWARNING

Do not attempt installation of this unit unless you are familiar with the necessary tools, equipment, utility connections and potential hazards.

Installation should be performed only by a qualified service provider.

Failure to do so could result in reduced performance of the unit, serious personal injury or death.

- Read the Owners Manual and the Rules for Safe Operation carefully. Failure to follow these rules and instructions could cause a malfunction of filter or unsatisfactory service.
- Follow a regular service and maintenance schedule for efficient operation.

AWARNING

Installation of this unit must comply with local electric codes or other applicable codes.

Review and understand local codes prior to installation.

Failure to do so could result in serious personal injury or death.



Λ CAUTION

CABINET AND CELLS MAY CONTAIN SHARP EDGES.

Use care when servicing unit or handling cells.

Failure to do so could result in minor personal injury.

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AIR CLEANER SIZE

Your new air cleaner is designed for central heating or cooling blowers delivering 1000 to 2000 cubic feet of air per minute (cfm.)

BASIC TOOL REQUIRED

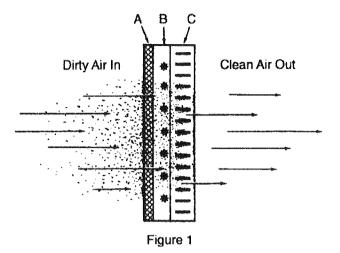
Tin Snip Screwdriver Rule or Tape Measure Drill

HOW THE AIR CLEANER WORKS

Dirt particles flowing through the ducts (Figure 1) first enters the pre-filters (A) where large particles (hair, lint, etc.) are trapped. Smaller particles (smoke, dust, pollen, etc.) pass through these pre-filters and enter the ionizing section (B). Here each tiny particle receives a positive electrical charge. These charged particles then enter the collecting section (C). This section consists of a series of aluminum plates which are alternately charged negative and positive.

The positive charge of the particles cause them to be repelled by the positive plates and attracted to the negative plates where they are collected . . . just as a magnet attracts iron filings.

Clean-filtered air re-enters the supply duct system.



CONSTRUCTION OF THE AIR CLEANER

Not only is your air cleaner easy to install, it is also easy to operate and maintain. Its basic components, and their functions, are as follows: (See Figure 2)

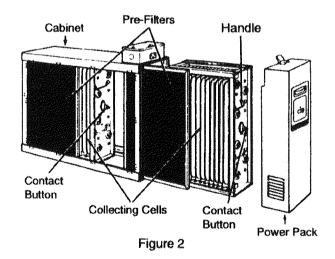
Cabinet - mounts to existing duct work and houses the collecting cells and pre-filters.

Collecting Cells - are made in two sections and perform the actual collecting of dust, dirt, and other impurities from the air. They contain the ionizing and collection sections described above.

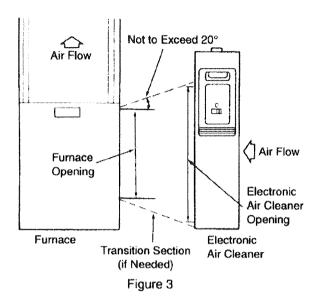
> Each cell must be installed with the ionizing wires on the air entering side. Each cell must be oriented with the handles and contact button (Figure 2) toward the operator.

Pre-filters - are in two sections which are interchangeable. They serve as a pre-filter to trap large particles such as hair and lint before they can enter the cell sections.

Power Pack- contains operating and power on lights as well as the solid state components that convert the 120 volt power supply to the high-voltage, direct current required for the collecting cell.



PREINSTALLATION



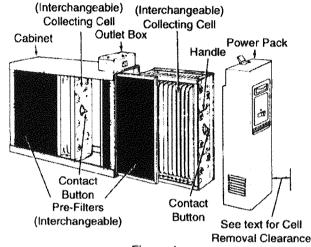


Figure 4

LOCATING THE AIR FILTER

Your electronic air cleaner must be mounted in the return air duct of a central forced-air system, on the air entering side of your furnace. (See Figure 3 for example.)

Select a location that meets the following:

- The face of the cell will be at a right angle to the air stream.
- Allow a clearance of 14 inches to permit removal of cells and pre-filters: (See Figures 4 and 5).
 For complete dimension data refer to Figure 5.
- 3. The air filter is not to be placed in the discharge of either the heating or cooling unit.
- IMPORTANT: If atomizing spray type humidifier is used, it must be installed downstream from the air filter.

If furnace opening cannot be enlarged to required size, a transition sheet metal section must be used. Transition must be planned for each job. Reduction should not be more than 4 inches per linear foot, approximately 20 angular degrees (Figure 3).

DIRECTION OF AIR FLOW THROUGH THE AIR CLEANER

Your air cleaner is shipped from the factory with air flow from left-to-right. If this air flow is suitable for the installation, no further changes need to be made (Figure 4). For right-to-left air flow, remove both pre-filter and cell sections. Turn cells upside down (with the same end facing the cabinet opening). This will locate the ionizing wires at the right, and both contact buttons and cell handles will be

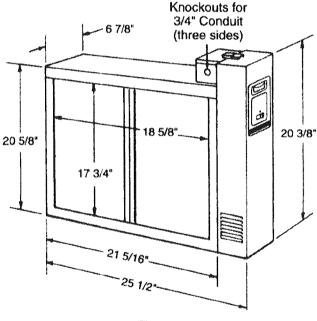
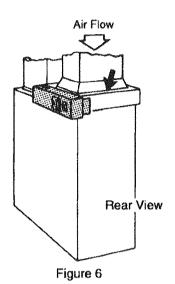


Figure 5

facing the power door. Air flow direction must agree with arrow embossed on end of collecting cells.

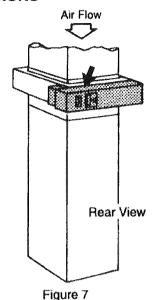
After installing the cell sections, install pre-filters in cabinet tracks on the right. This will again place the pre-filters on the air entering side (on the same side as ionizing wires).

TYPICAL MOUNTING POSITIONS



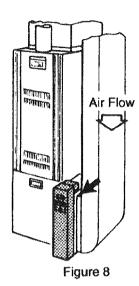
BASEMENT FURNACE (LOWBOY) (Figure 6)

Cleaner is mounted horizontally in return plenum, just above furnace.



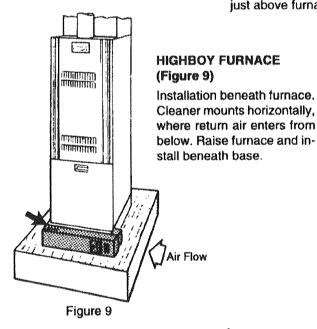
COUNTERFLOW FURNACE (Figure 7)

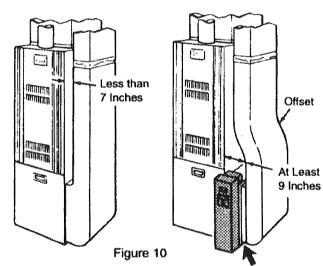
Cleaner is mounted horizontally in return duct or plenum, just above furnace.



HIGHBOY FURNACE (Figure 8)

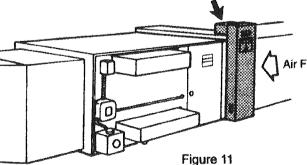
Side installation. Cleaner is mounted vertically, where return air enters side inlet of furnace.





OFFSET INSTALLATION (Figure 10)

Typical use of duct offset to match air filter opening. If duct connection to furnace allows less than nine inches for mounting the air cleaner, shorten the lateral trunk, or attach an offset fitting to the elbow.



HORIZONTAL FURNACE (Figure 11)

Cleaner is mounted vertically in the return duct near furnace.

INSTALLATION

REMOVE OLD FILTER AND DISCARD (Figure 12)

NOTE: This filter may be mounted in the furnace compartment.

CLEAN BLOWER COMPARTMENT

It is suggested that the furnace blower compartment, blower and blower housing be cleaned to ensure clean air circulation.

INSTALLATION

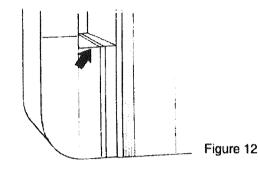
The following is a typical installation of the air cleaner on a "Highboy" furnace (Figure 8).

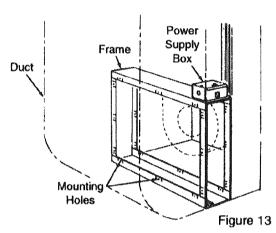
- Place the air filter cleaner on the floor. Stand it upright with the power door facing you (Figure 4). If a horizontal installation is being planned, lay the cleaner on its side, this will help you to visualize the relative location of all parts.
 - Allow ample space for wiring and servicing the power supply box (Figure 13).
- Release the latch, remove the power pack (by grasping handle and pulling power pack away from cabinet) and set it aside. Remove the collecting cells and pre-filters. Set pre-filters and cells aside in a safe location until the cabinet is installed.
- Set the cabinet next to the furnace. If necessary, enlarge the opening in the furnace (if possible) to match the opening in the cabinet.
 - If the furnace opening cannot be enlarged, a transition fitting should be used. (Figure 3).
 - The cabinet can be attached directly (Figure 13), or a starting collar can first be fitted to the furnace inlet. A butt or slip joint can be used.
 - Securely attach the cabinet to furnace inlet, using at least two of the mounting holes on each side of the cabinet.
- 4. Using butt joint, attach duct work (normally an elbow) to the upstream side of air cleaner cabinet. (Note the use of the sheet metal turning vanes inside the elbow to improve air distribution over the face of the cells.) (Figure 14)

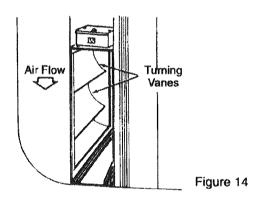
NOTE: An optional method of attaching duct work to the cabinet is to modify the cabinet (Figure 15) by bending the tabs outward at a 90° angle and attaching duct work to tabs.

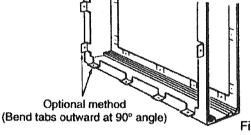
Transition Fittings

If the air duct does not fit the cabinet opening, a transition fitting should be used. Gradual transitions are preferred for greatest efficiency. Not more than four inches per linear foot (approximately 20° angle) should be allowed (Figure 3).









- Figure 15
- Connect the vertical duct section to the elbow. Wedge a wood block between floor and elbow for support (Figure 16).
- Seal all joints in the return air system downstream from the air cleaner with duct tape to prevent dust from entering the air stream. Tape is usually applied on the outside of ducts, but may also be applied on the inside, or both.

WIRING INSTRUCTIONS

7. With the cabinet installed, the air cleaner can now be wired to electrical input source.

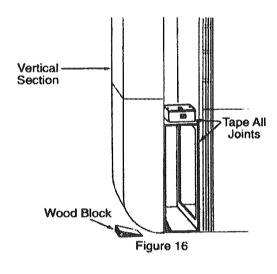
AWARNING

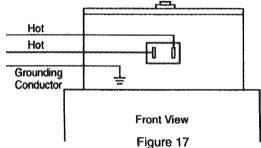
Installation of this unit must comply with local electric codes or other applicable codes.

Review and understand local codes prior to installation.

Failure to do so could result in serious personal injury or death.

- The air cleaner must be wired through the furnace controls. This unit requires a 120 VAC 60 Hz input circuit. A 20 amp circuit is more than adequate.
- Remove junction box cover and install the required bushing into the 3/4 in. knock out. With the supply voltage turned off, route three (3) wires into junction box for connections. (See Fig. 17.)
 - Insure all wires are clamped, wire connectors properly installed and grommets used to prevent wire abrasion.
- 10. The air cleaner must be wired to have power supplied when the furnace blower is on and there is airflow through the duct. Some furnace control modules have an output terminal for an electronic air cleaner that will energize the unit when the blower is on. If





your system is not equipped with an EAC output terminal, Figure 19 shows a method for installing a relay (customer supplied) to switch power to the air cleaner when the blower is on.

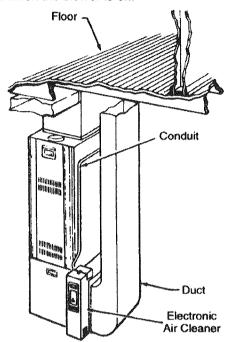
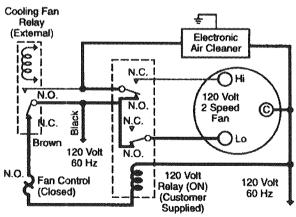


Figure 18 Cooling Fan Relay (External) Electronic Air Cleaner N.C. N.O. 120 Volt N.O. 2 Speed (C) Fan N.C. N.C. Brown N.O. 120 Volt 60 Hz N.O. 120 Volt Fan Control 120 Volt Relay (OFF) (Open) 60 Hz (Customer Supplied)

Cooling Mode - Fan Operating in Hi Speed



Heating Mode - Fan Operating in Low Speed Figure 19

An alternate method for controlling the air cleaner operation is to install an F859-0381 Air Flow Switch/ Harness Kit (available separately) that switches power to the air cleaner when airflow is detected.

NOTE: The air cleaner should not be operating unless the furnace blower is on.

11. With the cabinet Installed, reinstall pre-filter(s) and collecting cell(s) (Figure 20).

NOTE: The contact button and handles on the cell must be facing you and ionizing wires must be on the air intake side.

12. Install the power pack as follows:

Engage the lip on lower inside edge of power pack in the flange on cabinet and carefully close the power pack, making sure that the electrical connector prongs on the power pack enter the slots in the socket on cabinet. When the power pack is fully in place, engage the latch and snap it closed.

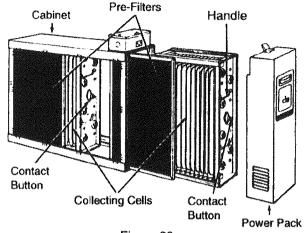


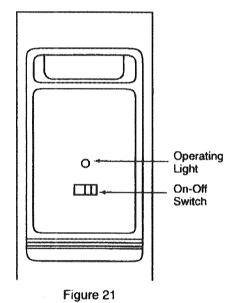
Figure 20

OPERATION

- 1. With the 120 VAC power turned on at the circuit breaker for the furnace, push the air cleaner ON-OFF switch to the "ON" position (Figure 21).
- With the furnace blower running, the air cleaner will be operating. An arcing or "snapping" sound may be heard. This will occur occasionally, however the unit is operating properly.
- With the furnace blower running, the Operating Light should be ON. If the Operating Light is not ON this signifies that the cells need washing, or that trouble exists in the unit.

If, after washing the cells, the Operating Light stays off, the cell could be wet, improperly placed in the cabinet or may need servicing.

NOTE: An occasional flicker of the light accompanied by harmless sparking or snapping noise may occur. This is caused by trapping large particles of dirt. If arcing is continuous, the cells should be washed or checked for service problems see Basic UST Service Guide.



MAINTENANCE AND WASHING



ACAUTION

CABINET AND CELLS MAY CONTAIN SHARP EDGES.

Use care when servicing unit or handling cells.

Failure to do so could result in minor personal injury.

For maximum efficiency your air cleaner cell(s) and prefilter(s) should be inspected once a month and cleaned when necessary. Cleaning will usually be required every one to three months, depending upon the particular household circumstances. When cleaning is required the following procedure should be used:

CLEANING THE CELLS

- 1. Turn the air moving system "OFF."
- Push the ON-OFF switch on the power pack to the "OFF" position (Figure 21). Wait 15 seconds and both the power pack and the collecting cell(s) will be automatically discharged.

- Release the latch on top of power pack and pull the power pack straight away from cabinet at the top. Then lift pack out of ledge at bottom edge of cabinet. Set power pack aside.
- Remove the cell(s) and pre-filter(s) from cabinet.
 Using a solution of warm water and low sudsing detergent, soak cell(s) and pre-filter(s) for 20 to 30 minutes.

NOTE: lonizing wires may become coated causing loss of cleaning ability by the collecting cell. Using a damp cloth, wipe each ionizing wire, exercising care not to damage them.

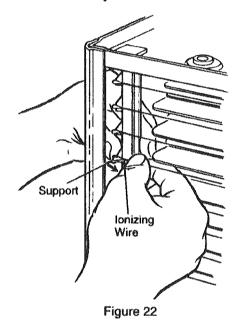
- 5. Remove the cell(s) and pre-filter(s) from solution and rinse thoroughly with clean water.
- 6 Allow cell(s) and pre-filter(s) to drip dry for a minimum of 2 hours. Cell(s) and pre-filter(s) may be tipped at a slight angle to expedite the drip-dry process.
- 7. Reinstall the cell(s) and pre-filter(s) in the cabinet.
- Replace the power pack. Turn furnace fan on. After 30 minutes push ON-OFF switch on the power pack to the "ON" position.

A moderate amount of arcing or "snapping" may occur at this time, which will indicate that the cell(s) are still damp. If the noise is objectionable, push the ON-OFF switch to the "OFF" position and allow additional time for cell(s) and pre-filter(s) to dry. In some cases the Operating Light will remain OFF during this initial activation of the air cleaner, and this would indicate that the cell(s) are not completely dry. The Operating Light should remain ON while the furnace fan is running once the drying is complete.

REPLACING AN IONIZING WIRE

If an ionizing wire should break, it can be replaced as follows:

- Remove all pieces of broken wire. Make sure supports at each end are in good condition and not bent out of shape.
- Hook the new wire onto the support at one end.
- Hold your finger against the support at the other end (Figure 22) and hold the ionizing wire between thumb and forefinger as shown or use needle nose pliers. Press inward on spring support. Hook end of wire over small tab at end of support and release. Make sure wire is securely anchored at each end.



SPECIFICATIONS

SPECIFICATIONS FOR 16C26S-010			
Rated Capacity	1000 - 2000 cfm		
Max. Pressure Drop	.12 in. W.G.		
Cell Weight	(2) 9 lbs. each		
Power Pack Weight	9 lbs.		
Unit Weight	37 lbs.		
Power Consumption	40 Watts (Max)		
Electrical Input	120 VAC 60 hz.		
Electrical Output @ 6450 VDC (nom)	1.5 Ma		
Max. Ozone Output	.05 ppm		
Temperature Rating	40° F to 125° F		

BASIC UST SERVICE GUIDE

This guide will cover most homeowner complaints. If, after checking the items listed, the unit still fails to operate properly, contact the nearest Authorized Service Center.

SERVICE INDICATION	SERVICE CHECKS
ON/OFF switch "ON" Blower ON Operating Light ON	Unit functioning Normally
ON/OFF switch "ON" Blower ON Operating Light OFF	 Power is not being supplied to air cleaner. A. Check fuse or circuit breaker. B. Ensure power pack is properly installed and latched. Collecting cell shorted - Turn power Off - Remove power pack - Remove collecting cells - Replace power pack - Restore power (ensure blower is operating). A. If Operating Light comes ON check cells for bent plates, loose ionizing wire(s) or cracked insulator(s). B. If Operating Light remains OFF, malfunction is in the power pack. (See power supply Checkout Procedure).
Excessive arcing during normal operation - Operating Light may blink	1. Wet collecting cell. A. Allow cell(s) to dry after cleaning before applying power. 2. Damaged collecting cell(s). A. Remove cell(s) and inspect for bent plates, loose ionizing wire(s), cracked insulator(s), etc. 3. Collecting cells dirty. A. Clean cells as instructed in this manual. 4. Faulty power supply (see power supply checkout procedure)

TECHNICAL REPAIR GUIDE

AWARNING

Do not attempt repair of this unit unless you are familiar with the necessary tools, equipment, utility connections and potential hazards.

Repair should be performed only by a qualified service provider.

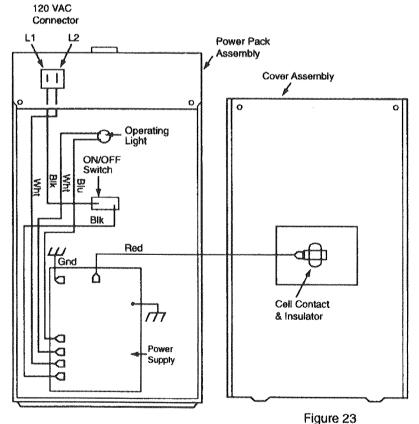
Failure to do so could result in reduced performance of the unit, serious personal injury or death.

This guide contains service checks to assist service personnel in locating and correcting any malfunction that might occur to render the air cleaner ineffective or inoperative. The air cleaner has been designed with replaceable components, such as the high-voltage power supply. This allows the servicement to replace a faulty component rather than attempt repairs of such components in the field.

All voltage measurements indicated can be made with a high voltage D.C. probe and a general purpose volt ohm meter. For example: Simpson 260 or equivalent.

NOTE: All tests to be performed with the Ozone Reduction Jumper intact.

NOTE: When servicing the power pack components, all wiring must be routed to factory specifications.



Power Supply Specifications

The solid-state power supply is not designed for individual component part replacement and must be replaced as a complete "snap-in" unit.

Input voltage: 120 VAC 50/60 Hz. Output to light: 1.5 to 2.5 VDC H.V. Output: 6450 VDC (nom)

Collecting Cell Specifications

1600 cfm - 1.5 Ma @ 6450 VDC

POWER SUPPLY CHECKOUT PROCEDURE

- 1. Turn power switch to the "OFF" position and remove the power pack from cabinet.
- 2. Place power pack on a well insulated workbench. Connect meter negative (-) lead to the sheet metal chassis and the high voltage probe to high voltage contact on back cover of power pack. Connect AC power to power pack using an extension cord and turn power switch to the "ON" position. Keep hands and tools away from high voltage contact.
- 3. If Operating Light comes ON and output voltage is between 6100 and 6800 VDC, power supply is good.
- 4. If voltage is good but Operating Light does not come on, replace Operating Light.

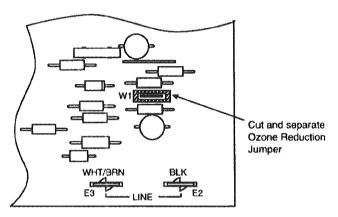
CELL TEST

- Place collecting cell on a well insulated workbench with the cell contact button pointing upward.
- Select a power pack (with ozone reduction jumper intact) that reads between 6100 and 6800 VDC at the cell contact with no cell attached.
- Place power pack on top of collecting cell ensuring that there is proper contact between the cell contact on the power pack contact.
- 4. Using a standard extension cord, apply 120 VAC to power pack. Turn power switch to "ON" position.
- Connect meter negative (-) lead to metal frame of collecting cell. Use high voltage probe to measure voltage at collecting cell ionizer or cell plates. Voltage should be 6100 to 6800 VDC**.
 - NOTE: A new "out-of-box" cell may cause the voltage to be lower than normal for a short period of time. To obtain a more accurate measurement, "age" the cell by applying high voltage to the cell for 15 to 30 minutes.
- 6 If voltage is below 6100 VDC, check cell for foreign objects, bowed/bent/loose plates, broken ionizing wires or cracked insulators. Wash cells if required. If Operating Light remains OFF, replace collecting cell.

OZONE REDUCTION

All electronic air cleaners typically produce a small amount of ozone that is within established limits. Some customers may notice an odor especially at high altitudes or low air flow rates.

This power supply has a "hairpin" shaped jumper wire labeled W1 (see Fig 24) that can be cut and separated in case of such complaints. This will cause the power supply to limit the maximum operating power to a lower level.

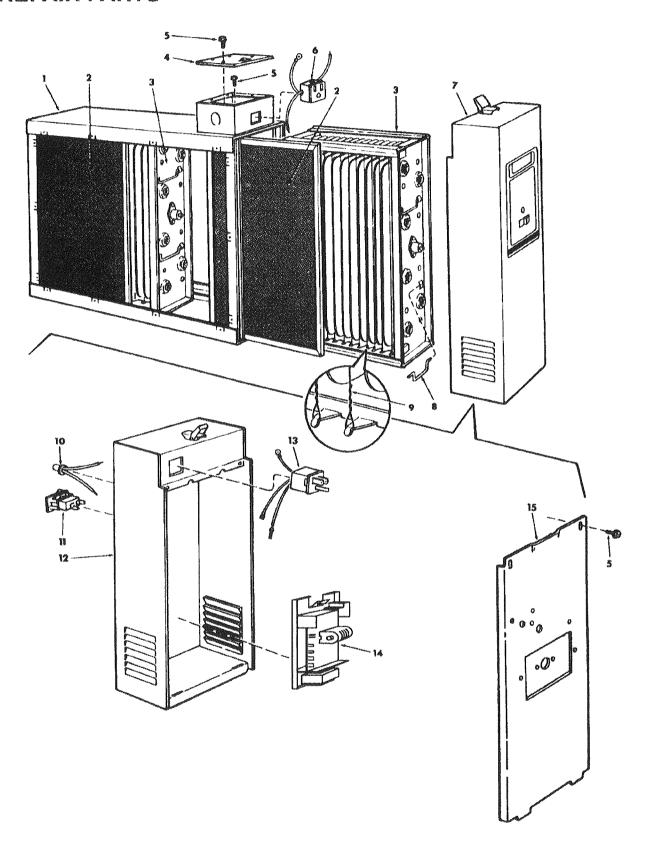


Ozone Reduction Jumper Figure 24

NOTES

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REPAIR PARTS



REPAIR PARTS

PARTS LIST FOR ELECTRONIC AIR CLEANERS

When ordering repair parts, always give the following information as shown in this list.

- 1. The PART NUMBER
- 2. The PART DESCRIPTION
- 3. The MODEL NUMBER
- 4. The NAME OF ITEM Electronic Air Cleaner.

Always order by "PART NUMBER" . . . Not by "ITEM NUMBER"

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	PART NUMBER
NO.	DESCRIPTION	
1	Cabinet	N/A
2	Pre-Filter	• F825-0337
3	Collecting Cell	• F811-0321
4	Junction Box Cover	F838-0072
5	* Screw #6 x 3/8	वंदे वंदा प्रेम तंत्र केंद्र तंत्र
6	Connector, Female	F818-0053
7	Power Pack Assembly	F858-0921
8	Cell Handle	F832-0039
9	Ionizing Wire	F843-0500
10	Light	F844-0131
11	Switch	F876-0202
12	Power Pack, Cabinet Only	N/A
13	Connector, Male	F827-0026
14	Power Supply	F858-1000
15	Cover, Power Pack	F820-0220
16	† Manual	37-6070
17	† Charcoal Filter (with mounting clips)	• F825-0468

- * Standard Hardware Item
- Two (2) Required
- † Not Shown